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Generalized model theory and continuous logic

Abstract. For a countable language L all structures on \mathbb{N} form a Polish S_∞ -space under certain topology. Becker has noticed that some basic model theoretic concepts and theorems can be formulated in topological terms as statements about Polish G -spaces. Generalized model theory is an approach which studies G -spaces from this point of view.

In 2017 we together with Barbara Majcher-Iwanow extended the concept of nice topologies of Becker to the general case of Polish G -spaces (Becker assumed that G is a subgroup of S_∞). Let (\mathcal{Y}, d) be a Polish space and $\text{Iso}(\mathcal{Y}, d)$ be the corresponding isometry group endowed with the pointwise convergence topology. Then $\text{Iso}(\mathcal{Y}, d)$ is a Polish group. For any countable continuous signature L the set \mathcal{Y}_L of all continuous metric L -structures on (\mathcal{Y}, d) can be viewed as a Polish $\text{Iso}(\mathcal{Y}, d)$ -space. We call this action logic. Note that for any tuple y from \mathcal{Y} the map taking $g \in G$ to $d(y, g(y))$ can be considered as a grey subgroup of G . For any continuous sentence ϕ we have a grey subset of \mathcal{Y}_L taking $M \in \mathcal{Y}_L$ to ϕ^M .

Typical notions naturally arising for logic actions can be applied in the general case of a Polish G -space \mathcal{X} with G as above. If we consider G together with a family of grey subgroups as above, then distinguishing an appropriate family \mathcal{B} of grey subsets of \mathcal{X} we arrive at the situation very similar to the logic space \mathcal{Y}_L . These ideas are applied in a framework of generalized model theory towards analysis of Borel/algorithmic complexities of subsets of $\mathcal{Y}_L^k \times \text{Iso}(\mathcal{Y}_L)^l$ corresponding to model theoretic concepts.